1	2	3
12	Orissa	48.3
13	Punjab	7.2
14	Rajasthan	26.0
15	Tamil Nadu	39.5
16	Uttar Pradesh	37.2
17	West Bengal	30.3
18	Small States & Uts	11.8
	ALL INDIA:	33.4

गुजरात के लघु उद्योगों के लिए निधियां

839. **श्री गोपाल सिंह जी. सोलंकी:** क्या योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या गुजरात के लघु उद्योगों के विकास के लिए राज्य को और धन-राशि आवंटित किए जाने संबंधी कोई प्रस्ताव सरकार के विचाराधीन है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी जिलेवार ब्यौरा क्या है।

(ग) इस प्रयोजनार्थ अब तक कुल कितनी धनराशि आवंटित की गई है; और

(घ) पिछली पंचवर्षीय योजना की तुलना में चालू पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान आवंटित धनराशि किस सीमा तक कम है?

योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री गिरिधर गोमांगो): (क) राज्य के लघु उद्योगों के विकास हेतु और अधिक निधियों के आवंटन के लिए गुजरात राज्य सरकार का कोई प्रस्ताव प्राप्त नहीं हुआ है।

(ख) प्रश्न नहीं उठता।

(ग) आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के प्रथम तीन वर्षों के दौरान ग्राम तथा लघु उद्योग क्षेत्र (लघु उद्योगों को मिलाकर) के लिए अनुमोदित परिव्यय निम्नानुसार है :—

(रुपए करोड़)

वर्ष	परिव्यय
1992-93	83.20
1993-94	102.75
1994-95	85.78

(घ) गुजरात राज्य के वी.एस.आई.ए. क्षेत्रक हेतु अनुमोदित आठवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना परिव्यय 435 करोड़ रु. है। सातवीं योजना का अनुमोदित परिव्यय 130.23 करोड़ रु. है।

Criteria to determine persons living below poverty line

840. SHRI G.Y. KRISHNAN : Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state :

(a) the manner in which the criteria for persons living below

poverty line in the country are at present determined ;

(b) the State-wise percentage of persons living below poverty line, as per latest figures available with the Planning Commission ; and

(c) what effective measures have been taken or are being taken by Government to bring them above the poverty line ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMANGO) : (a) The number of persons living below the poverty line are determined on the basis of a minimum level of consumption expenditure, which is defined as monthly per capita expenditure of Rs. 131.60 in rural and Rs. 152.10 in urban areas, at 1987-88 prices.

(b) The estimates of State-wise percentage of persons below poverty line in 1987-88 are enclosed in statement (*See* below).

(c) A number of programmes are being implemented in order to improve the quality of life of the poor households. These include programmes for raising income and generating employment such as integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) Jawahar

Statement

Number and Percentage of Population Below Poverty Line by States **1987-88** *(Officially Released Estimates)*

S.No.	State	Rural		Urban		Combined	
		No. Lakhs	%age	No. Lakhs	%age	No. Lakhs	%age
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	Andhra Pradesh.	153.1	33 8	42 6	6 1	195 7	31.7
2	Assam	50 4	24 5	2.5	9.4	52.9	22 8
3	Bihar	300.3	42.7	36 1	30 0	36 4	40.
4	Gujarat	56 2	21.2	17.1	12.2	73.3	18 4
5	Haryana	13.5	11 7	4 7	11 7	18 2	11 6
6	Himachal Pradesh	4 4	9.7	0 1	2 4	4.5	9 2
7	Jammu & Kashmir	8.4	15.5	1.4	8 4	9 8	13 9
8	Karnataka	102.8	35 9	33 7	24.2	136.5	32 1
9	Kerala	37.4	16.4	11.6	19 3	49 0	17 0
10	Madhya Pradesh	196.0	41 5	30.9	21. 3	224.9	36 7
11	Maharashtra	166.9	36.7	47.2	17.0	214.1	29.2
12	Orissa	124 2	48 3	10.9	24.1	135 1	44 7
13	Punjab	9 6	7 2	4 3	7.2	13.9	7 2
16	Rajasthan	80.5	26.0	19 0	19.4	99 5	24 4

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
15	Tamil Nadu . .	138 4	39.5	38.5	20.5	176.9	32.8
16	Utt ar Pradesh .	373.1	37.2	75.2	27.2	448.3	35.1
17	West Bengal .x	137.2	30.3	36.3	20.7	175.5	27.6
18	Small State & UT's	9.3	11.8	4 9	4.7	14.2	7.7
	All INDIA :	1959.7	33.4	417.0	20.1	2376.7	29.9

NOTES: (1) The above estimates are derived by using the poverty line of Rs. 131 8 per capita per month for rural areas and 152.1 per capita per month for urban areas at 1987-88 prices, corresponding to the poverty lines of Rs. 49.1 and Rs. 56.6 respectively for 1973-74.

(2) The number of persons below poverty line relates to the population as on 1st March, 1988.

Shifting of Central Funds to other items

841. SHRI PARMESHWAR KUMAR AGARWALLA : Will the Minister of PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state :

(a) Whether Government have conducted any study to find out the shifting of central funds earmarked for a particular scheme to some other items of expenditure in various States of the country ;

(b) if so, the names of the States with the details of shifting of such funds ;

(c) what are the schemes for which the funds were allocated but not utilised by the Government of Bihar ; and

(d) what action Government have taken/proposed to take against the Government of Bihar for this unauthorised shifting of funds ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMANGO) : (a) to (d) Since 1st April, 1969 as per the formula for distribution. Central Assistance is given to State Governments for their Plan schemes in the shape of Block Loans and Grants. The Central Assistance is therefore, not related to any individual scheme/project. However, in order to ensure that the priorities of the plan are generally maintained in the course of implementation, outlays under cetain sectors or subsectors and for some important schemes and projects like (i) Agriculture and Allied sectors (Cxcluding Community Development and Panchayats), (ii) major irrigation schemes, (iii) Specified schemes for generation and transmission of power. (iv) externally aided projects and (v) Minimum Needs Programmes are earmarked. These earmarked funds cannot be diverted by the States save in exceptional circumstances and for reasons beyond the control of State Government and when adjustments becomd necessary with prior approval of the Planning Commission. In case there are shortfalls in expenditure on earmarked items prorata adjestments are made in the Central assistance provide to the States.

In case of Bihar, the originally aproved outlay for the year 1993-94 was Rs. 2300.00 crores which was to be financed by Net Normal Central Assistance of Rs. 868.26